







SLOS378B - SEPTEMBER 2001 - REVISED MARCH 2012

FAMILY OF MICROPOWER RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

FEATURES

- BiMOS Rail-to-Rail Output
- Input Bias Current . . . 1 pA
- High Wide Bandwidth . . . 160 kHz
- High Slew Rate . . . 0.1 V/μs
- Supply Current . . . 7 μA (per channel)
- Input Noise Voltage . . . 89 nV/√Hz
- Supply Voltage Range . . . 2.7 V to 16 V
- Specified Temperature Range
 - -40°C to 125°C . . . Industrial Grade
 - 0°C to 70°C . . . Commercial Grade
- Ultra-Small Packaging
 - 5 Pin SOT-23 (TLV27L1)

APPLICATIONS

- Portable Medical
- Power Monitoring
- Low Power Security Detection Systems
- Smoke Detectors

DESCRIPTION

The TLV27Lx single supply operational amplifiers provide rail-to-rail output capability. The TLV27Lx takes the minimum operating supply voltage down to 2.7 V over the extended industrial temperature range, while adding the rail-to-rail output swing feature. The TLV27Lx also provides 160-kHz bandwidth from only 7 μ A. The maximum recommended supply voltage is 16 V, which allows the devices to be operated from (\pm 8-V supplies down to \pm 1.35 V) two rechargeable cells.

The rail-to-rail outputs make the TLV27Lx good upgrades for the TLC27Lx family—offering more bandwidth at a lower quiescent current. The TLV27Lx offset voltage is equal to that of the TLC27LxA variant. Their cost effectiveness makes them a good alternative to the TLC/V225x, where offset and noise are not of premium importance.

The TLV27L1/2 are available in the commercial temperature range to enable easy migration from the equivalent TLC27Lx. The TLV27L1 is not available with the power saving/performance boosting programmable pin 8.

The TLV27L1 is available in the small SOT-23 package—something the TLC27(L)1 was not—enabling performance boosting in a smaller package. The TLV27L2 is available in the 3mm x 5mm MSOP, providing PCB area savings over the 8-pin SOIC and 8-pin TSSOP.

SELECTION GUIDE

DEVICE	V _S [V]	l _Q /ch [μΑ]	V _{ICR} [V]	V _{IO} [mV]	I _{IB} [pA]	GBW [MHz]	SLEW RATE [V/μs]	V _n , 1 kHz [nV/√ Hz]
TLV27Lx	2.7 to 16	11	-0.2 to V _S +1.2	5	60	0.18	0.06	89
TLV238x	2.7 to 16	10	-0.2 to V _S -0.2	4.5	60	0.18	0.06	90
TLC27Lx	4 to 16	17	-0.2 to V _S -1.5	10/5/2	60	0.085	0.03	68
OPAx349	1.8 to 5.5	2	-0.2 to V _S +0.2	10	10	0.070	0.02	300
OPAx347	2.3 to 5.5	34	-0.2 to V _S +0.2	6	10	0.35	0.01	60
TLC225x	2.7 to 16	62.5	0 to V _S -1.5	1.5/0.85	60	0.200	0.02	19

NOTE: All dc specs are maximums while ac specs are typicals.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

PRODUCT	PACKAGE	PACKAGE CODE	SYMBOL	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER NUMBER	TRANSPORT MEDIA	
TI \ /071 4 OD	0010.0	Б	07)/40		TLV27L1CD	Tube	
TLV27L1CD	SOIC-8	D	27V1C	000 1 - 7000	TLV27L1CDR	Tape and Reel	
TI) (0TI + 0DD) (007.00	550	\ /DIO	0°C to 70°C	TLV27L1CDBVR		
TLV27L1CDBV	SOT-23	DBV	VBIC		TLV27L1CDBVT	Tape and Reel	
TI) (071 41D	0010.0		071/41		TLV27L1ID	Tube	
TLV27L1ID	SOIC-8	D	27V1I	4000 1- 40500	TLV27L1IDR	Tape and Reel	
TIVOTI AIDDV	007.00	DDV	\ /DII	–40°C to 125°C	TLV27L1IDBVR	To a cont Doort	
TLV27L1IDBV	SOT-23	DBV	VBII		TLV27L1IDBVT	Tape and Reel	
TI) (0 TI 0 O D	0010.0		077 (0.0	000000	TLV27L2CD	Tube	
TLV27L2CD	SOIC-8	D	27V2C	0°C to 70°C	TLV27L2CDR	Tape and Reel	
TI VOTI OID	0010.0	-	0=1 (0)	1000 1 10500	TLV27L2ID	Tube	
TLV27L2ID	SOIC-8	D	27V2I	–40°C to 125°C	TLV27L2IDR	Tape and Reel	

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Supply voltage, V _S	16.5 V
Input voltage, V _I (see Note 1)	
Output current, I _O	100 mA
Differential input voltage, V _{ID}	V _S
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Maximum junction temperature, T _J	150°C
Operating free-air temperature range, T _A : C suffix	0°C to 70°C
I suffix	–40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T _{stq}	
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	300°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: Relative to GND pin.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	θ _{JC} (°C/W)	θ _{JA} (°C/W)	T _A ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	T _A = 85°C POWER RATING
D (8)	38.3	176	710 mW	370 mW
DBV (5)	55	324.1	385 mW	201 mW
DBV (6)	55	294.3	425 mW	221 mW

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Constructions (1)	Dual supply	±1.35	±8	V
Supply voltage, (V _S)	Single supply	2.7	16	V
Input common-mode voltage range		-0.2	V _S -1.2	V
Operating free cir temperature T	C-suffix	0	70	°C
Operating free-air temperature, T _A	I-suffix	-40	125	C



electrical characteristics at recommended operating conditions, V_S = 2.7 V, 5 V, and 10 V (unless otherwise noted)

dc performance

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDI	TIONS	T _A †	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
,	land offered allows	., ., ., .,		25°C		0.5	5		
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = V_S/2$, $V_O = R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_S = R_S = R_S$	$V_{IC} = V_{S}/2,$ $V_{O} = V_{S}/2,$ $R_{L} = 100 \text{ k}\Omega,$ $R_{S} = 50 \Omega$	Full range			7	mV	
α_{VIO}	Offset voltage drift	11[- 100 1(22, 115	- 00 12	25°C		1.1		μV/°C	
CMDD	Common mode unication action	$V_{IC} = 0 \text{ V to } V_{S} - 1.2 \text{ V},$		25°C	71	86		J.	
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$R_S = 50 \Omega$		Full range	70			dB	
			V _S = 2.7 V,	25°C	80	100			
١,	Large-signal differential voltage	tage $V_{O(PP)}=V_{S}/2$, $R_{L}=100~k\Omega$	V _{O(PP)} =V _S /2,	5 V	Full range	77			-10
A _{VD}	amplification		V 15.V	25°C	77	82		dB	
			$V_S = \pm 5 \text{ V}$	Full range	74				

[†] Full range is –40°C to 125°C for I suffix.

input characteristics

	PARAMETER	TEST	CONDITIONS	T _A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
				≤25°C		1	60	
I _{IO}	Input offset current			≤70°C			100	pА
		$V_{IC} = V_S/2$,	$V_{O} = V_{S}/2,$	≤125°C			1000	
		$R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$	$R_S = 50 \Omega$	≤25°C		1	60	
I_{IB}	Input bias current			≤70°C			200	pА
				≤125°C			1000	
r _{i(d)}	Differential input resistance			25°C		1000		GΩ
C _{IC}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 1 kHz		25°C		8		pF

power supply

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	T_A^{\dagger}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Ī	O income to a second for a second	V V 6	25°C		7	11	•
IQ	Quiescent current (per channel)	$V_O = V_S/2$	Full range			16	μΑ
DODD	De la constitución de la constit	V _S = 2.7 V to 16 V, No load,	25°C	74	82		-ID
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio $(\Delta V_S/\Delta V_{IO})$	$V_{IC} = V_{S}/2 V$	Full range	70			dB

[†] Full range is -40°C to 125°C for I suffix.



electrical characteristics at recommended operating conditions, V $_{\text{S}}$ = 2.7 V, 5 V, and ± 5 V (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

output characteristics

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDI	TIONS	T _A †	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			V 07V	25°C		160	200	
			$V_{S} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	Full range			220	
	$V_{IC} = V_{S}/2,$ $I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$ $V_{S} = 5 V$	25°C		85	120			
			Full range			200		
l.,	0.15.1.5115.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.		V 15.V	25°C	50 1	120		
V _O	Output voltage swing from rail		$V_S = \pm 5 V$	Full range			150	mV
			V 5V	25°C		420	800	
		$V_{IC} = V_S/2$,	V _S = 5 V	Full range			900	
		$V_{IC} = V_S/2$, $I_{OL} = 500 \mu A$		25°C		200	400	
			$V_S = \pm 5 V$	Full range			500	
I _O	Output current	V _O = 0.5 V from rail	V _S = 2.7 V	25°C		400		μΑ

[†] Full range is –40°C to 125°C for I suffix.

dynamic performance

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A	MIN TYP MAX	UNIT		
GBP	Gain bandwidth product	$R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$, $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	25°C	160	kHz		
		V 4V B 40010			25°C	0.06	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_{O(pp)} = 1 \text{ V}, R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega,$ $C_1 = 50 \text{ pF}$	-40°C	0.05	V/μs		
		ο[- 50 β.	125°C	0.8			
φм	Phase margin	$R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	25°C	62	0		
	Calling time (0.10/)	$V_{(STEP)pp} = 1 V$, $A_V = -1$, Rise	0500	62			
t _s	Settling time (0.1%)	$V_{(STEP)pp} = 1 \text{ V}, A_V = -1, \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{Rise} \\ C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, \qquad R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega \end{array}$ Fall	25°C	44	μs		

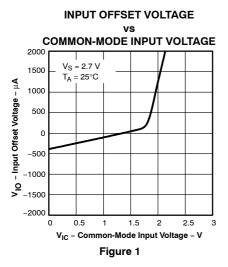
noise/distortion performance

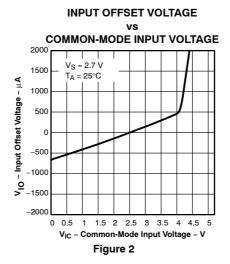
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 1 kHz	25°C		89		nV/√ Hz
In	Equivalent input noise current	f = 1 kHz	25°C		0.6		fA/√ Hz

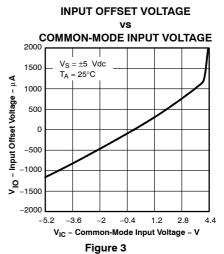


Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage	vs Common-mode input voltage	1, 2, 3
I _{IB} /I _{IO}	Input bias and offset current	vs Free-air temperature	4
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	vs High-level output current	5, 7, 9
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	vs Low-level output current	6, 8, 10
	0:	vs Supply voltage	11
IQ	Quiescent current	vs Free-air temperature	12
	Supply voltage and supply current ramp up		13
A _{VD}	Differential voltage gain and phase shift	vs Frequency	14
GBP	Gain-bandwidth product	vs Free-air temperature	15
φ _m	Phase margin	vs Load capacitance	16
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	vs Frequency	17
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio	vs Frequency	18
	Input referred noise voltage	vs Frequency	19
SR	Slew rate	vs Free-air temperature	20
V _{O(PP)}	Peak-to-peak output voltage	vs Frequency	21
, ,	Inverting small-signal response		22
	Inverting large-signal response		23
	Crosstalk	vs Frequency	24







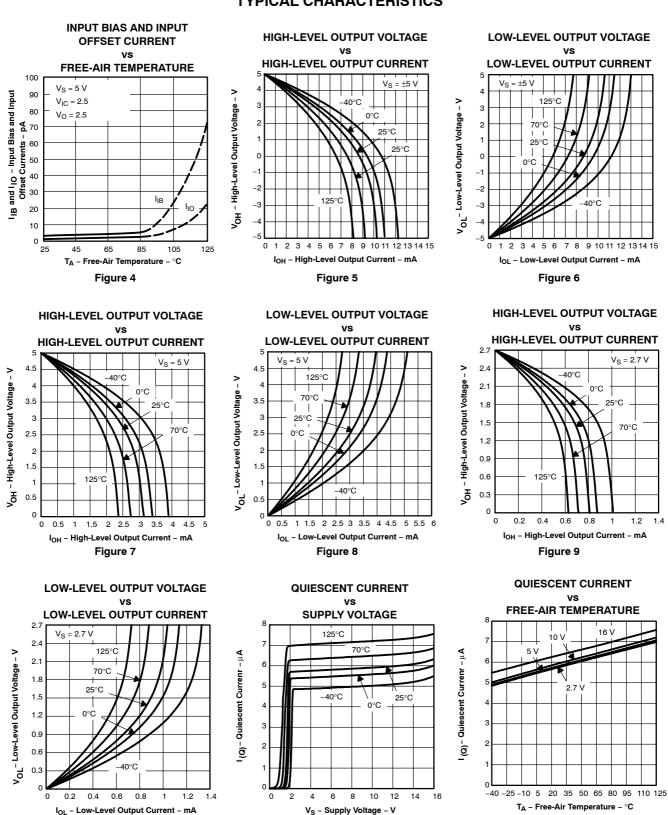
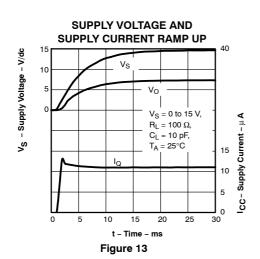


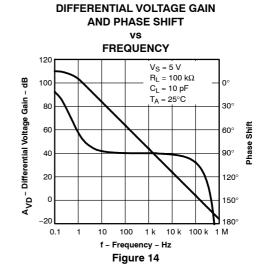


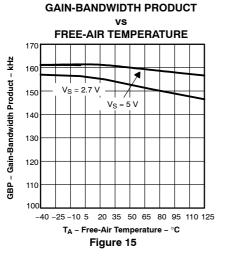
Figure 11

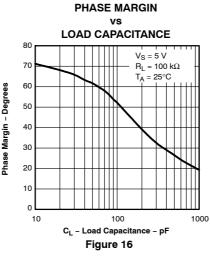
Figure 12

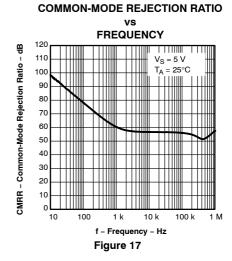
Figure 10



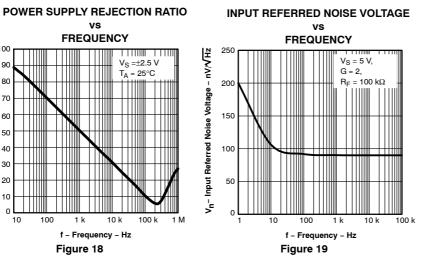


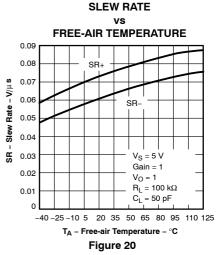






FREQUENCY 100 $V_S = \pm 2.5 \text{ V}$ 90 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ PSRR - Power Supply Rejection Ratio 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 0 100 k 10 10 k f - Frequency - Hz Figure 18







PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs **FREQUENCY** 16 V_{OPP} - Output Voltage Peak-to-Peak - V V_S = 15 V 14 12 $R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$, 10 THD+N <= 5% V_S = 2.7 V 111111 10 100 1000 10 k



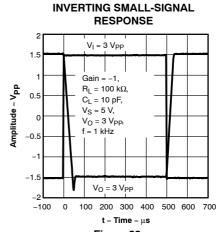


Figure 22

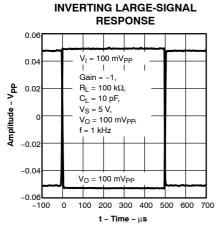


Figure 23

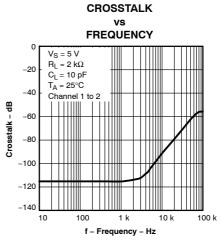


Figure 24



APPLICATION INFORMATION

offset voltage

The output offset voltage (V_{OO}) is the sum of the input offset voltage (V_{IO}) and both input bias currents (I_{IB}) times the corresponding gains. The following schematic and formula can be used to calculate the output offset voltage:

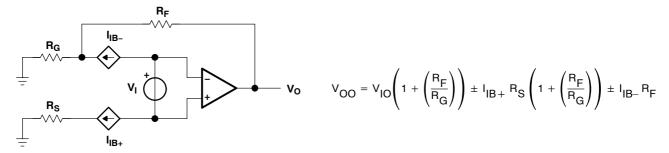


Figure 25. Output Offset Voltage Model

general configurations

When receiving low-level signals, limiting the bandwidth of the incoming signals into the system is often required. The simplest way to accomplish this is to place an RC filter at the noninverting terminal of the amplifier (see Figure 26).

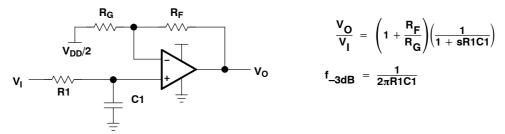


Figure 26. Single-Pole Low-Pass Filter

If even more attenuation is needed, a multiple pole filter is required. The Sallen-Key filter can be used for this task. For best results, the amplifier should have a bandwidth that is 8 to 10 times the filter frequency bandwidth. Failure to do this can result in phase shift of the amplifier.

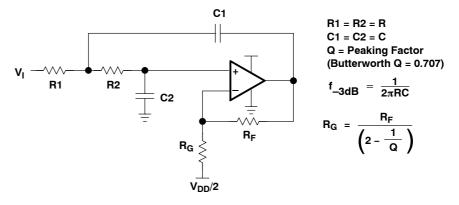


Figure 27. 2-Pole Low-Pass Sallen-Key Filter





APPLICATION INFORMATION

circuit layout considerations

To achieve the levels of high performance of the TLV27Lx, follow proper printed-circuit board design techniques. A general set of guidelines is given in the following.

- Ground planes—It is highly recommended that a ground plane be used on the board to provide all
 components with a low inductive ground connection. However, in the areas of the amplifier inputs and
 output, the ground plane can be removed to minimize the stray capacitance.
- Proper power supply decoupling—Use a 6.8-μF tantalum capacitor in parallel with a 0.1-μF ceramic capacitor on each supply terminal. It may be possible to share the tantalum among several amplifiers depending on the application, but a 0.1-μF ceramic capacitor should always be used on the supply terminal of every amplifier. In addition, the 0.1-μF capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the supply terminal. As this distance increases, the inductance in the connecting trace makes the capacitor less effective. The designer should strive for distances of less than 0.1 inches between the device power terminals and the ceramic capacitors.
- Sockets—Sockets can be used but are not recommended. The additional lead inductance in the socket pins
 will often lead to stability problems. Surface-mount packages soldered directly to the printed-circuit board
 is the best implementation.
- Short trace runs/compact part placements—Optimum high performance is achieved when stray series inductance has been minimized. To realize this, the circuit layout should be made as compact as possible, thereby minimizing the length of all trace runs. Particular attention should be paid to the inverting input of the amplifier. Its length should be kept as short as possible. This will help to minimize stray capacitance at the input of the amplifier.
- Surface-mount passive components—Using surface-mount passive components is recommended for high
 performance amplifier circuits for several reasons. First, because of the extremely low lead inductance of
 surface-mount components, the problem with stray series inductance is greatly reduced. Second, the small
 size of surface-mount components naturally leads to a more compact layout thereby minimizing both stray
 inductance and capacitance. If leaded components are used, it is recommended that the lead lengths be
 kept as short as possible.



APPLICATION INFORMATION

general power dissipation considerations

For a given θ_{JA} , the maximum power dissipation is shown in Figure 28 and is calculated by the following formula:

$$P_{D} = \left(\frac{T_{MAX} - T_{A}}{\theta_{JA}}\right)$$

Where:

 P_D = Maximum power dissipation of TLV27Lx IC (watts)

 T_{MAX} = Absolute maximum junction temperature (150°C)

 T_A = Free-ambient air temperature (°C)

 $\theta_{JA} = \theta_{JC} + \theta_{CA}$

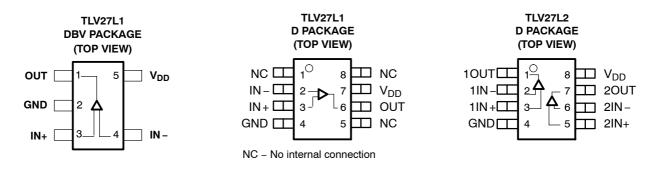
 θ_{JC} = Thermal coefficient from junction to case

 θ_{CA} = Thermal coefficient from case to ambient air (°C/W)

MAXIMUM POWER DISSIPATION FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE 2 T, = 150°C PDIP Package Low-K Test PCB 1.75 θ_{JA} = 104°C/W Maximum Power Dissipation - W 1.5 **MSOP Package Low-K Test PCB SOIC Package** θ_{JA} = 260°C/W 1.25 Low-K Test PCB θ_{JA} = 176°C/W 0.75 0.5 0.25 SOT-23 Package Low-K Test PCB $\theta_{JA} = 324^{\circ}C/W$ -55-40-25-10 5 20 35 50 65 80 95 110 125 T_A – Free-Air Temperature – $^{\circ}C$

NOTE A: Results are with no air flow and using JEDEC Standard Low-K test PCB.

Figure 28. Maximum Power Dissipation vs Free-Air Temperature





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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking
•	(.,	(=)			(0)	(4)	(5)		(0)
TLV27L1CD	Obsolete	Production	SOIC (D) 8	-	-	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	27V1C
TLV27L1CDBVR	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 5	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	VBIC
TLV27L1CDBVT	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 5	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	VBIC
TLV27L1ID	Obsolete	Production	SOIC (D) 8	-	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	27V1I
TLV27L1IDBVR	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 5	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	VBII
TLV27L1IDBVT	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 5	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	VBII
TLV27L1IDR	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	27V1I
TLV27L2CDGK	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK) 8	80 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-	BAC
TLV27L2CDGKR	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-	BAC
TLV27L2CDR	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	27V2C
TLV27L2ID	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 8	75 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	27V2I
TLV27L2IDGK	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK) 8	80 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-	BAD
TLV27L2IDGKR	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		BAD
TLV27L2IDR	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	27V2I

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TLV27L2:

Automotive: TLV27L2-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects



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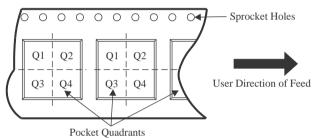
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



TAPE DIMENSIONS WHO WE PI WHO WE PI WHO WE BO WE Cavity AO WE Cavity AO WE Cavity

A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

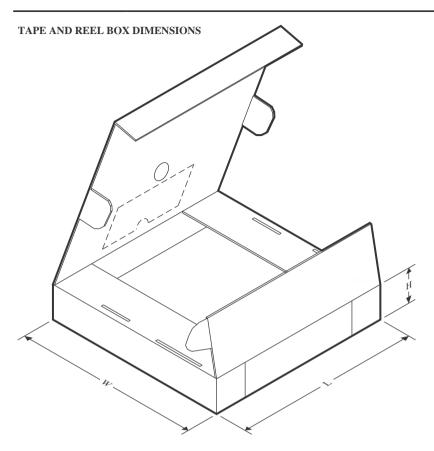


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLV27L1CDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV27L1CDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV27L1CDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV27L1CDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV27L1IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV27L1IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV27L1IDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV27L1IDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV27L1IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV27L2CDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV27L2CDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV27L2CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV27L2IDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV27L2IDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV27L2IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1



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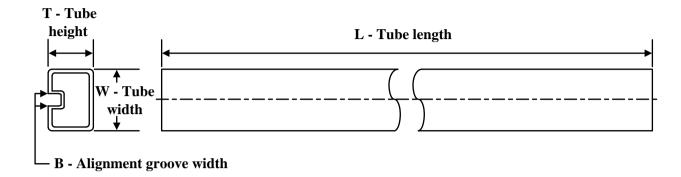
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLV27L1CDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TLV27L1CDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV27L1CDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV27L1CDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TLV27L1IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV27L1IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TLV27L1IDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TLV27L1IDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV27L1IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
TLV27L2CDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	364.0	364.0	27.0
TLV27L2CDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	358.0	335.0	35.0
TLV27L2CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6
TLV27L2IDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	358.0	335.0	35.0
TLV27L2IDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	364.0	364.0	27.0
TLV27L2IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TUBE

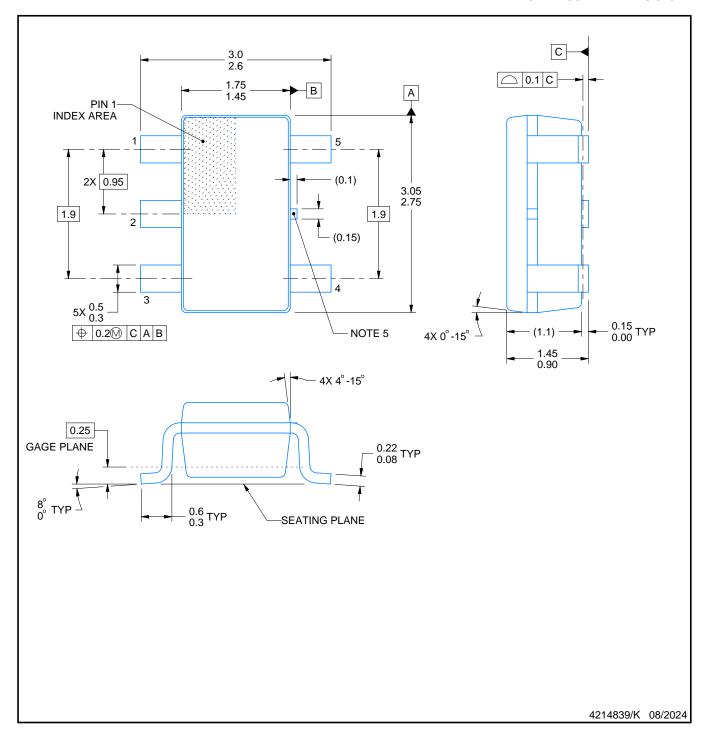


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Device Package Name		Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
TLV27L2CDGK	DGK	VSSOP	8	80	330	6.55	500	2.88
TLV27L2ID	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV27L2IDGK	DGK	VSSOP	8	80	330	6.55	500	2.88



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



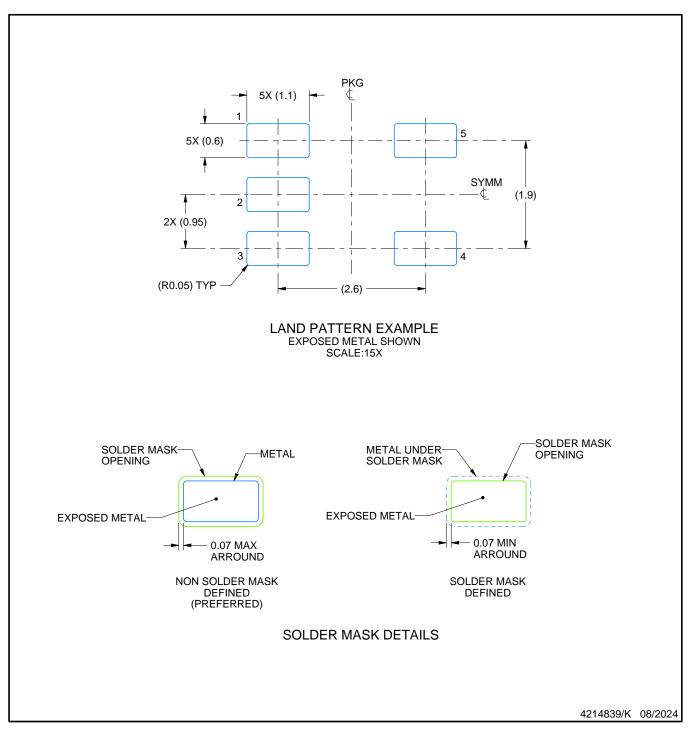
NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 3. Reference JEDEC MO-178.

- 4. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Support pin may differ or may not be present.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



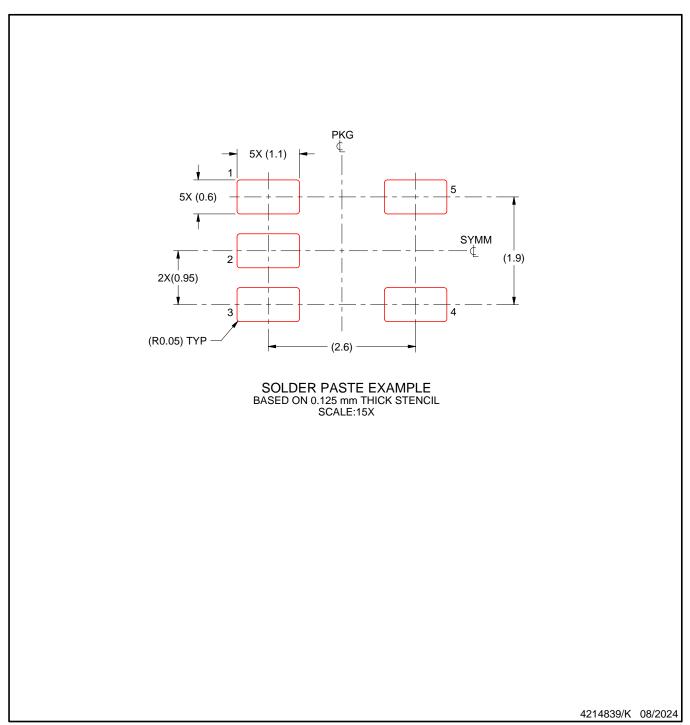
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



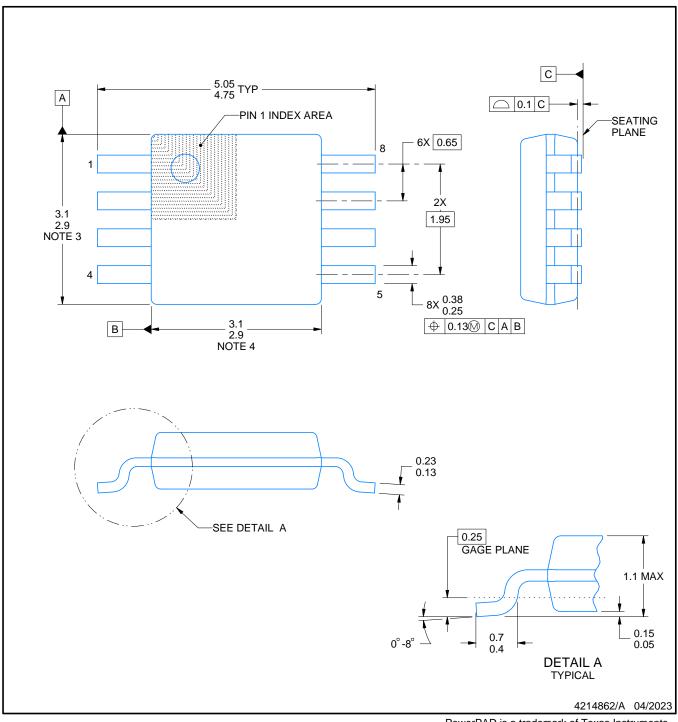
NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.





SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

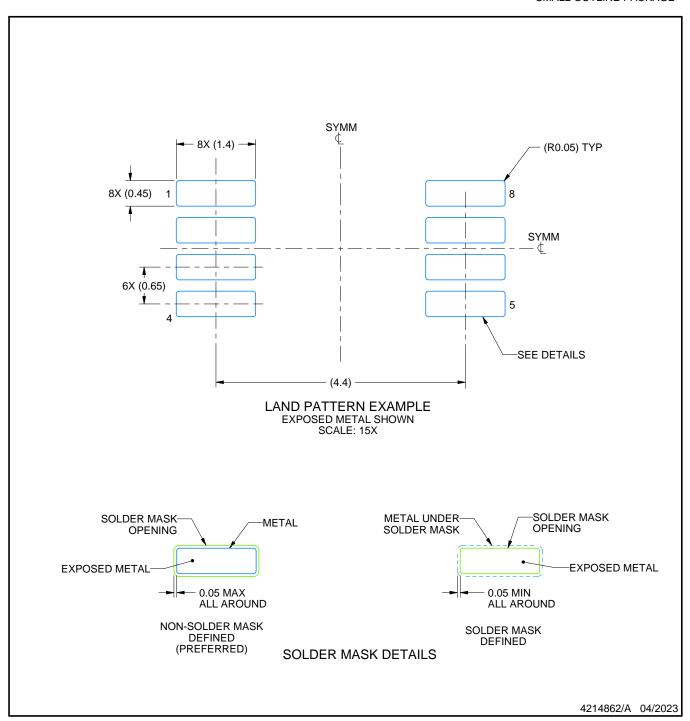
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-187.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE

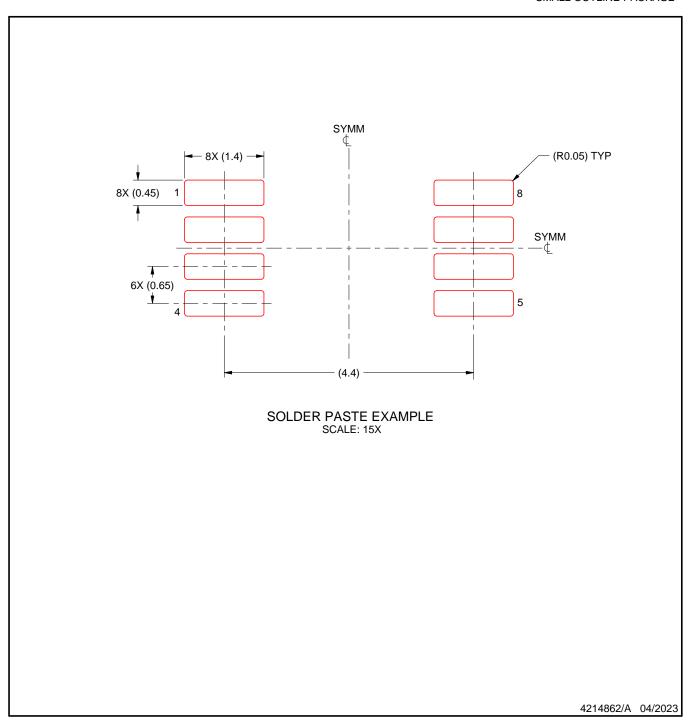


NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
- 8. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.
- 9. Size of metal pad may vary due to creepage requirement.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 11. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 12. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.





SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES:

- 1. Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 [0.15] per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AA.



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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