TS5A4624
1-Ω SPDT ANALOG SWITCH
5-V/3.3-V SINGLE-CHANNEL 2:1 MULTIPLEXER/DEMULTIPLEXER

SLYS014A – DECEMBER 2005 – REVISED AUGUST 2006

FEATURES

- **Isolation in Power-Down Mode, V_+ = 0**
- **Specified Break-Before-Make Switching**
- **Low ON-State Resistance (1 Ω)**
- **Control Inputs Are 5.5-V Tolerant**
- **Low Charge Injection**
- **Excellent ON-State Resistance Matching**
- **Low Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)**
- **1.65-V to 5.5-V Single-Supply Operation**
- **Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II**
- **ESD Performance Tested Per JESD**
  - **2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)**
  - **1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)**

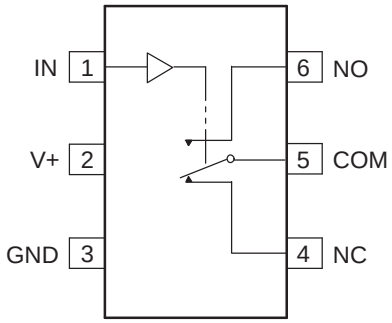
APPLICATIONS

- **Cell Phones**
- **PDAs**
- **Portable Instrumentation**
- **Audio and Video Signal Routing**
- **Low-Voltage Data-Acquisition Systems**
- **Communication Circuits**
- **Modems**
- **Hard Drives**
- **Computer Peripherals**
- **Wireless Terminals and Peripherals**

DESCRIPTION

The TS5A4624 is a single-pole double-throw (SPDT) analog switch that is designed to operate from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. The device offers low ON-state resistance and excellent ON-state resistance matching with the break-before-make feature, to prevent signal distortion during the transferring of a signal from one channel to another. The device has an excellent total harmonic distortion (THD) performance and consumes very low power. These features make this device suitable for portable audio applications.

SC-70
(TOP VIEW)



Switches are shown for logic 0 input.

FUNCTION TABLE

IN	NC TO COM, COM TO NC	NO TO COM, COM TO NO
L	ON	OFF
H	OFF	ON

SUMMARY OF CHARACTERISTICS(1)

Configuration	2:1 Multiplexer/ Demultiplexer (1 × SPDT)
Number of channels	1
ON-state resistance r_{on})	1.1 Ω
ON-state resistance match (Δr_{on})	0.1 Ω
ON-state resistance flatness $r_{on(flat)}$)	0.15 Ω
Turn-on/turn-off time ($t_{ON/tOFF}$)	20 ns/15 ns
Break-before-make time (t_{BBM})	12 ns
Charge injection (Q_C)	–20 pC
Bandwidth (BW)	100 MHz
OFF isolation (O_{ISO})	–65 dB at 1 MHz
Crosstalk (X_{TALK})	–66 dB at 1 MHz
Total harmonic distortion (THD)	0.01%
Leakage current ($I_{NO(OFF)}/I_{NC(OFF)}$)	±20 nA
Power-supply current (I_+)	0.1 μA
Package options	6-pin DCK

(1) V_+ = 5 V, T_A = 25°C

ORDERING INFORMATION

T_A	PACKAGE(1)		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING(2)
–40°C to 85°C	SOT (SC-70) – DCK	Tape and reel	TS5A4624DCKR	JW_

(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.
(2) DCK: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the assembly/test site.

Absolute Minimum and Maximum Ratings(1)(2)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_+	Supply voltage range(3)		–0.5	6.5	V
V_{NO} V_{NC} V_{COM}	Analog voltage range(3)(4)(5)		–0.5	V_+ + 0.5	V
I_K	Analog port diode current	V_{NC}, V_{NO}, V_{COM} < 0	–50		mA
I_{NO} I_{NC} I_{COM}	On-state switch current	V_{NO}, V_{NC}, V_{COM} = 0 to V_+	–200	200	mA
	On-state peak switch current(6)		–400	400	
V_I	Digital input voltage range(3)(4)		–0.5	6.5	V
I_{IK}	Digital input clamp current	V_I < 0	–50		mA
I_+	Continuous current through V_+			100	mA
I_{GND}	Continuous current through GND		–100	100	mA
θ_{JA}	Package thermal impedance(7)			259	°C/W
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range		–65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
(2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum
(3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
(4) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
(5) This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.
(6) Pulse at 1-ms duration < 10% duty cycle
(7) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply(1)

V_+ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V, T_A = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch									
Analog signal range	V_{COM}, V_{NO}, V_{NC}					0		V_+	V
Peak ON resistance	r_{peak}	0 ≤ (V_{NO} or V_{NC}) ≤ V_+, I_{COM} = –100 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	4.5 V		0.8	1.1	Ω
				Full				1.5	
ON-state resistance	r_{on}	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 2.5 V, I_{COM} = –100 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	4.5 V		0.7	0.9	Ω
				Full				1.1	
ON-state resistance match between channels	Δr_{on}	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 2.5 V, I_{COM} = –100 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	4.5 V		0.05	0.1	Ω
				Full				0.1	
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(flat)}$	0 ≤ (V_{NO} or V_{NC}) ≤ V_+, I_{COM} = –100 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	4.5 V		0.15		Ω
		V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 1 V, 1.5 V, 2.5 V, I_{COM} = –100 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C			0.1	0.25	
				Full				0.25	
NC, NO OFF leakage current	$I_{NC(OFF)}$, $I_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 1 V, V_{COM} = 1 V to 4.5 V, or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 4.5 V, V_{COM} = 1 V to 4.5 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	5.5 V	–20	2	20	nA
				Full		–100		100	
	$I_{NC(PWROFF)}$, $I_{NO(PWROFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 0 to 5.5 V, V_{COM} = 5.5 V to 0,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	0 V	–1	0.2	1	µA
				Full		–20		20	
NC, NO ON leakage current	$I_{NC(ON)}$, $I_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 1 V, V_{COM} = Open, or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 4.5 V, V_{COM} = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	5.5 V	–20	2	20	nA
				Full		–100		100	
COM OFF leakage current	$I_{COM(PWROFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 0 to 5.5 V, V_{COM} = 5.5 V to 0,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°	0 V	–1	0.1	1	µA
				Full		–20		20	
COM ON leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = Open, V_{COM} = 1 V, or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = Open, V_{COM} = 4.5 V,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	5.5 V	–20	2	20	nA
				Full		–100		100	
Digital Input (IN)									
Input logic high	V_{IH}			Full		2.4		5.5	V
Input logic low	V_{IL}			Full		0		0.8	V
Input leakage current	I_{IH}, I_{IL}	V_I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	5.5 V	–2		2	nA
				Full		100		100	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply(1) (Continued)

V_+ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V, T_A = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
Turn-on time	t_{ON}	V_{COM} = V_+, R_L = 50 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	5 V	4	12	22	ns
				Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	2		25	
Turn-off time	t_{OFF}	V_{COM} = V_+, R_L = 50 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	5 V	1	5	8	ns
				Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	1		10	
Break-before-make time	t_{BBM}	V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_+, R_L = 50 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 18	25°C	5 V	1	8	13	ns
				Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	1		15	
Charge injection	Q_C	V_{GEN} = 0, R_{GEN} = 0,	C_L = 1 nF, See Figure 22	25°C	5 V		15.5		pC
NC, NO OFF capacitance	$C_{NC(OFF)}$, $C_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		18		pF
NC, NO ON capacitance	$C_{NC(ON)}$, $C_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		55		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	V_{COM} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		55		pF
Digital input capacitance	C_I	V_I = V_+ or GND,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		2		pF
Bandwidth	BW	R_L = 50 Ω, Switch ON,	See Figure 19	25°C	5 V		90		MHz
OFF isolation	O_{ISO}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 20	25°C	5 V		–63		dB
Crosstalk	X_{TALK}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 1 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 21	25°C	5 V		–63		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	R_L = 600 Ω, C_L = 50 pF,	f = 200 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 23	25°C	5 V		0.004		%
Supply									
Positive supply current	I_+	V_I = V_+ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	5.5 V		10	50	nA
				Full				500	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply(1)

V_+ = 3 V to 3.6 V, T_A = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch									
Analog signal range	V_{COM}, V_{NO}, V_{NC}					0		V_+	V
Peak ON resistance	r_{peak}	0 ≤ (V_{NO} or V_{NC}) ≤ V_+, I_{COM} = –100 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	3 V		1.3	1.6	Ω
				Full				2	
ON-state resistance	r_{on}	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 2 V, I_{COM} = –100 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	3 V		1.2	1.5	Ω
				Full				1.7	
ON-state resistance match between channels	Δr_{on}	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 2 V, 0.8 V, I_{COM} = –100 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	3 V		0.1	0.15	Ω
				Full				0.15	
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(flat)}$	0 ≤ (V_{NO} or V_{NC}) ≤ V_+, I_{COM} = –100 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	3 V		0.2		Ω
		V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 2 V, 0.8 V, I_{COM} = –100 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C			0.15	0.3	
				Full				0.3	
NC, NO OFF leakage current	$I_{NC(OFF)}$, $I_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 1 V, V_{COM} = 1 V to 3 V, or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 3 V, V_{COM} = 1 V to 3 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	3.6 V	–20	2	20	nA
				Full		–50		50	
	$I_{NC(PWROFF)}$, $I_{NO(PWROFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 0 to 3.6 V, V_{COM} = 3.6 V to 0,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	0 V	–1	0.2	1	µA
				Full		–15		15	
NC, NO ON leakage current	$I_{NC(ON)}$, $I_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 1 V, V_{COM} = Open, or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 3 V, V_{COM} = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	3.6 V	–10	2	10	nA
				Full		–20		20	
COM OFF leakage current	$I_{COM(PWROFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 3.6 V to 0, V_{COM} = 0 to 3.6 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°	0 V	–1	0.2	1	µA
				Full		–15		15	
COM ON leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = Open, V_{COM} = 1 V, or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = Open, V_{COM} = 3 V,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	3.6 V	–10	2	10	nA
				Full		–20		20	
Digital Input (IN)									
Input logic high	V_{IH}			Full		2.4		5.5	V
Input logic low	V_{IL}			Full		0		0.8	V
Input leakage current	I_{IH}, I_{IL}	V_I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	3.6 V	–2		2	nA
				Full		–100		100	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply(1) (Continued)

V_+ = 3 V to 3.6 V, T_A = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
Turn-on time	t_{ON}	V_{COM} = V_+, R_L = 50 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V	4	16	25	ns
				Full	3 V to 3.6 V	2		27	
Turn-off time	t_{OFF}	V_{COM} = V_+, R_L = 50 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V	1	5.5	8	ns
				Full	3 V to 3.6 V	1		11	
Break-before-make time	t_{BBM}	V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_+, R_L = 50 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 18	25°C	3.3 V	2	12	20	ns
				Full	3 V to 3.6 V	2		25	
Charge injection	Q_C	V_{GEN} = 0, R_{GEN} = 0,	C_L = 1 nF, See Figure 22	25°C	3.3 V		9		pC
NC, NO OFF capacitance	$C_{NC(OFF)}$, $C_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		18		pF
NC, NO ON capacitance	$C_{NC(ON)}$, $C_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		55		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	V_{COM} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		55		pF
Digital input capacitance	C_I	V_I = V_+ or GND,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		2		pF
Bandwidth	BW	R_L = 50 Ω, Switch ON,	See Figure 19	25°C	3.3 V		90		MHz
OFF isolation	O_{ISO}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 20	25°C	3.3 V		–63		dB
Crosstalk	X_{TALK}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 1 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 21	25°C	3.3 V		–63		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	R_L = 600 Ω, C_L = 50 pF,	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 23	25°C	3.3 V		0.01		%
Supply									
Positive supply current	I_+	V_I = V_+ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	3.6 V		10	50	nA
				Full				100	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply(1)

V_+ = 2.3 V to 2.7, T_A = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch									
Analog signal range	V_{COM}, V_{NO}, V_{NC}					0		V_+	V
Peak ON resistance	r_{peak}	0 ≤ (V_{NO} or V_{NC}) ≤ V_+, I_{COM} = –8 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	2.3 V		1.8	2.5	Ω
				Full				2.7	
ON-state resistance	r_{on}	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 1.8 V, I_{COM} = –8 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	2.3 V		1.5	2	Ω
				Full				2.4	
ON-state resistance match between channels	Δr_{on}	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 1.8 V, I_{COM} = –8 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	2.3 V		0.15	0.2	Ω
				Full				0.2	
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(flat)}$	0 ≤ (V_{NO} or V_{NC}) ≤ V_+, I_{COM} = –8 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	2.3 V		0.6		Ω
		V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 0.8 V, 1.8 V, I_{COM} = –8 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C			0.6	1	
				Full				1	
NC, NO OFF leakage current	$I_{NC(OFF)}$, $I_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 0.5 V, V_{COM} = 0.5 V to 2.3 V, or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 2.3 V, V_{COM} = 0.5 V to 2.3 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	2.7 V	–20	2	20	nA
				Full		–50		50	
	$I_{NC(PWROFF)}$, $I_{NO(PWROFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 0 to 3.6 V, V_{COM} = 3.6 V to 0,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	0 V	–1	0.1	1	µA
				Full		–10		10	
NC, NO ON leakage current	$I_{NC(ON)}$, $I_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 0.5 V, V_{COM} = Open, or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 2.2 V, V_{COM} = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	2.7 V	–10	2	10	nA
				Full		–20		20	
COM OFF leakage current	$I_{COM(PWROFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 2.7 V to 0, V_{COM} = 0 to 2.7 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°	0 V	–1	0.1	10	µA
				Full		–10		10	
COM ON leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = Open, V_{COM} = 0.5 V, or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = Open, V_{COM} = 2.2 V,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	2.7 V	–10	2	10	nA
				Full		–20		20	
Digital Input (IN)									
Input logic high	V_{IH}			Full		1.8		5.5	V
Input logic low	V_{IL}			Full		0		0.6	V
Input leakage current	I_{IH}, I_{IL}	V_I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	2.7 V	–2		2	nA
				Full		20		20	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply(1) (Continued)

V_+ = 2.3 V to 2.7, T_A = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
Turn-on time	t_{ON}	V_{COM} = V_+, R_L = 50 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	2.5 V	10	22	32	ns
				Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	8		35	
Turn-off time	t_{OFF}	V_{COM} = V_+, R_L = 50 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	2.5 V	3	6	11	ns
				Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	2		12	
Break-before-make time	t_{BBM}	V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_+, R_L = 50 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 18	25°C	2.5 V	5	19	30	ns
				Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	5		35	
Charge injection	Q_C	V_{GEN} = 0, R_{GEN} = 0,	C_L = 1 nF, See Figure 22	25°C	2.5 V		–7		pC
NC, NO OFF capacitance	$C_{NC(OFF)}$, $C_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		18		pF
NC, NO ON capacitance	$C_{NC(ON)}$, $C_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		55		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	V_{COM} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		55		pF
Digital input capacitance	C_I	V_I = V_+ or GND,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		2		pF
Bandwidth	BW	R_L = 50 Ω, Switch ON,	See Figure 19	25°C	2.5 V		90		MHz
OFF isolation	O_{ISO}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 20	25°C	2.5 V		–63		dB
Crosstalk	X_{TALK}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 1 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 21	25°C	2.5 V		–63		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	R_L = 600 Ω, C_L = 50 pF,	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 23	25°C	2.5 V		0.02		%
Supply									
Positive supply current	I_+	V_I = V_+ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	2.7 V		10	20	nA
				Full				150	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply(1)

V_+ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V, T_A = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch									
Analog signal range	V_{COM}, V_{NO}, V_{NC}					0		V_+	V
Peak ON resistance	r_{peak}	0 ≤ (V_{NO} or V_{NC}) ≤ V_+, I_{COM} = –2 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	1.65 V		5		Ω
				Full				15	
ON-state resistance	r_{on}	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 1.5 V, I_{COM} = –2 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	1.65 V		2	2.5	Ω
				Full				3.5	
ON-state resistance match between channels	Δr_{on}	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 1.5 V, I_{COM} = –2 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	1.65 V		0.15	0.4	Ω
				Full				0.4	
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(flat)}$	0 ≤ (V_{NO} or V_{NC}) ≤ V_+, I_{COM} = –8 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	1.65 V		5		Ω
		V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 0.6 V, 1.5 V, I_{COM} = –2 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C			4.5		
				Full					
NC, NO OFF leakage current	$I_{NC(OFF)}$, $I_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 0.3 V, V_{COM} = 0.3 V to 1.65 V, or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 1.65 V, V_{COM} = 0.3 V to 1.65 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	1.95 V	–5	2	5	nA
				Full		–20		20	
	$I_{NC(PWROFF)}$, $I_{NO(PWROFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 0 to 1.95 V, V_{COM} = 1.95 V to 0,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	0 V	–1	0.1	1	µA
				Full		–5		5	
NC, NO ON leakage current	$I_{NC(ON)}$, $I_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 0.3 V, V_{COM} = Open, or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 1.65 V, V_{COM} = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	1.95 V	–5	2	5	nA
				Full		–20		20	
COM OFF leakage current	$I_{COM(PWROFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 1.95 V to 0, V_{COM} = 0 to 1.95 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°	0 V	–1	0.1	1	µA
				Full		–5		5	
COM ON leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = Open, V_{COM} = 0.3 V, or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = Open, V_{COM} = 1.65 V,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	1.95 V	–5	2	5	nA
				Full		–20		20	
Digital Input (IN)									
Input logic high	V_{IH}			Full		1.5		5.5	V
Input logic low	V_{IL}			Full		0		0.6	V
Input leakage current	I_{IH}, I_{IL}	V_I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	1.95 V	–2		2	nA
				Full		20		20	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply(1) (Continued)

V_+ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V, T_A = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
Turn-on time	t_{ON}	V_{COM} = V_+, R_L = 50 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	1.8 V	17	35	65	ns
				Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	15		70	
Turn-off time	t_{OFF}	V_{COM} = V_+, R_L = 50 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	1.8 V	3	7	13	ns
				Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	2		15	
Break-before-make time	t_{BBM}	V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_+, R_L = 50 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 18	25°C	1.8 V	15	33	60	ns
				Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	15		65	
Charge injection	Q_C	V_{GEN} = 0, R_{GEN} = 0,	C_L = 1 nF, See Figure 22	25°C	1.8 V		4		pC
NC, NO OFF capacitance	$C_{NC(OFF)}$, $C_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		18		pF
NC, NO ON capacitance	$C_{NC(ON)}$, $C_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		55		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	V_{COM} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		55		pF
Digital input capacitance	C_I	V_I = V_+ or GND,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		2		pF
Bandwidth	BW	R_L = 50 Ω, Switch ON,	See Figure 19	25°C	1.8 V		90		MHz
OFF isolation	O_{ISO}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 20	25°C	1.8 V		63		dB
Crosstalk	X_{TALK}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 1 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 21	25°C	1.8 V		63		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	R_L = 600 Ω, C_L = 50 pF,	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 23	25°C	1.8 V		0.05		%
Supply									
Positive supply current	I_+	V_I = V_+ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	1.95 V		5	15	µA
				Full				50	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE

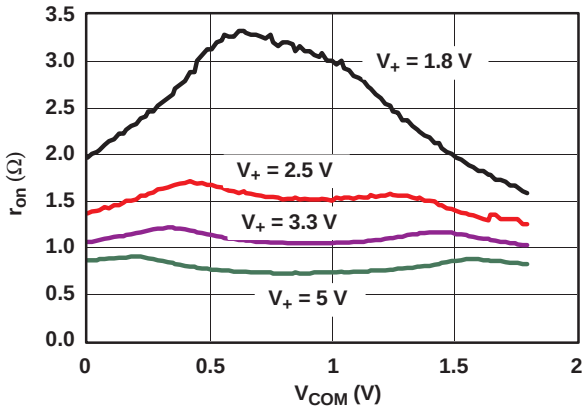


Figure 1. r_{on} vs V_{COM}

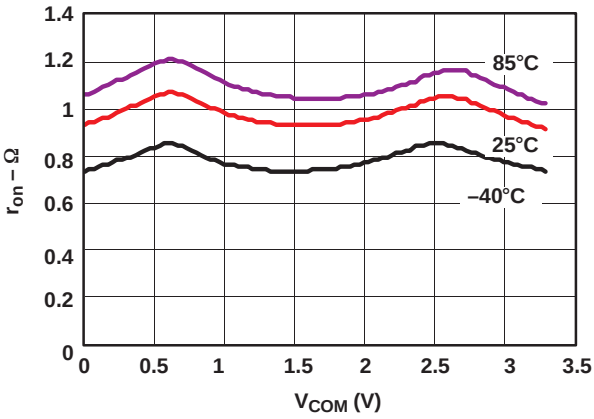


Figure 2. r_{on} vs V_{COM} (V_+ = 3.3 V)

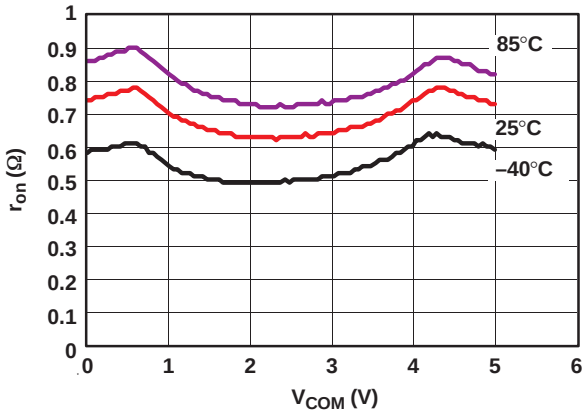


Figure 3. r_{on} vs V_{COM} (V_+ = 5 V)

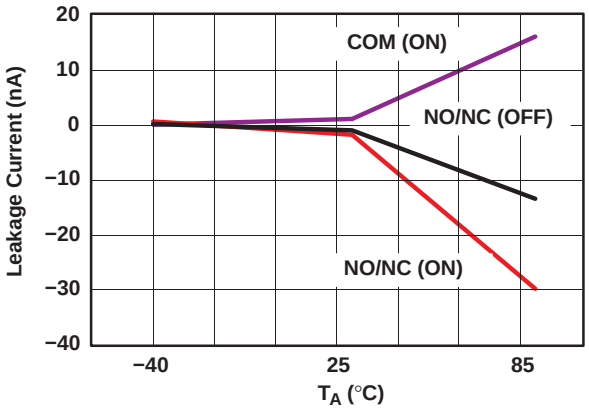


Figure 4. Leakage Current vs Temperature (V_+ = 3.3 V)

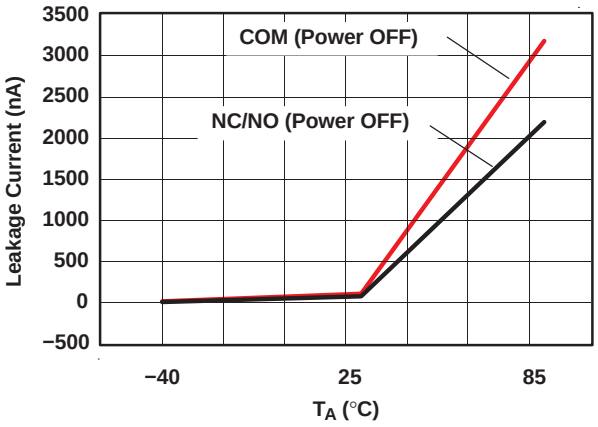


Figure 5. Leakage Current vs Temperature (V_+ = 5 V)

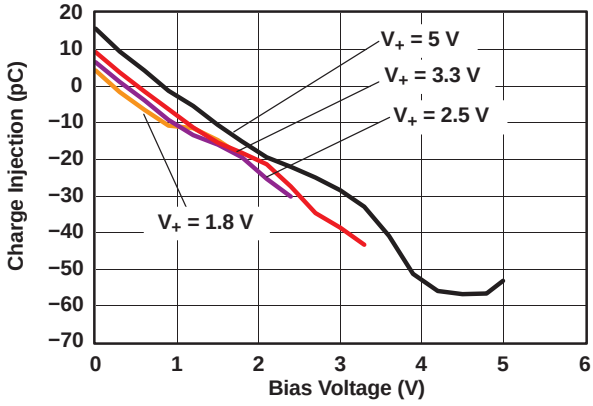


Figure 6. Charge Injection (Q_C) vs V_{COM}

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE (continued)

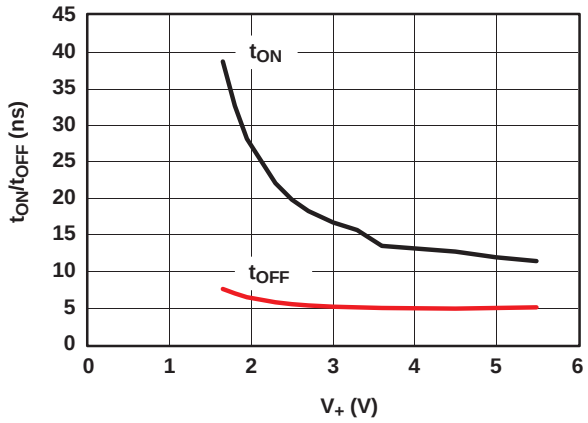


Figure 7. t_{ON} and t_{OFF} vs Supply Voltage

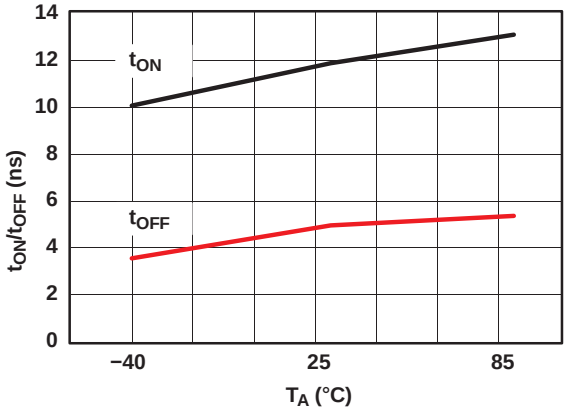


Figure 8. t_{ON} and t_{OFF} vs Temperature

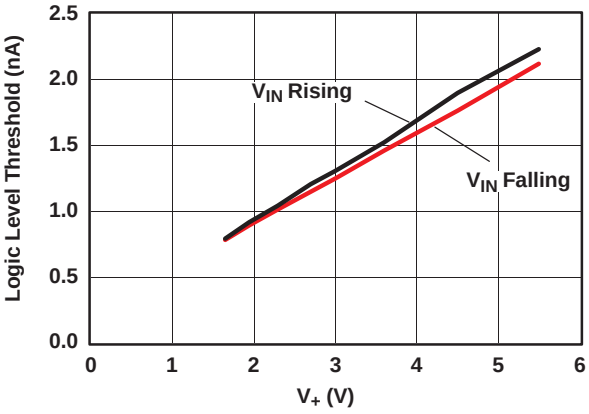


Figure 9. V_{IN} and t_{OFF} vs Supply Voltage

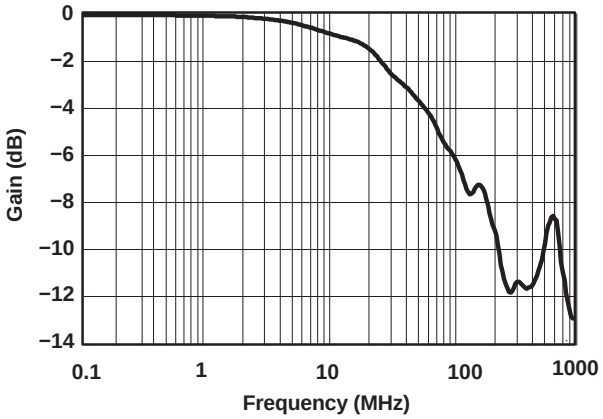


Figure 10. Bandwidth (V_+ = 5 V)

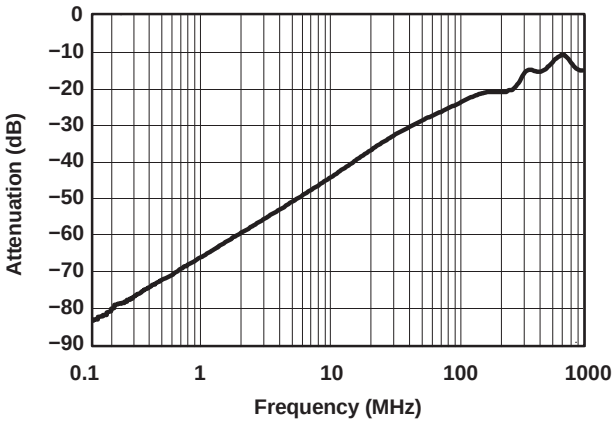


Figure 11. OFF Isolation vs Frequency

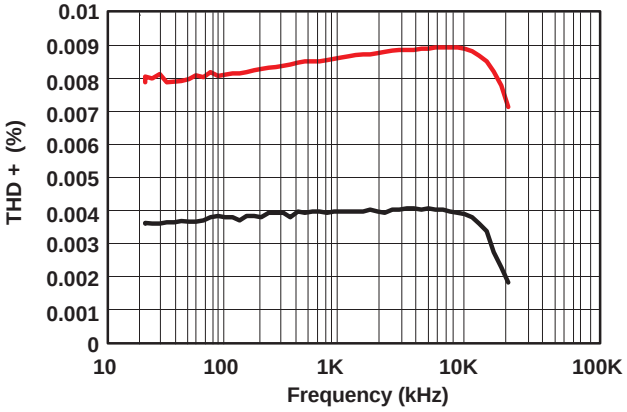


Figure 12. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency (V_+ = 5 V)

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE (continued)

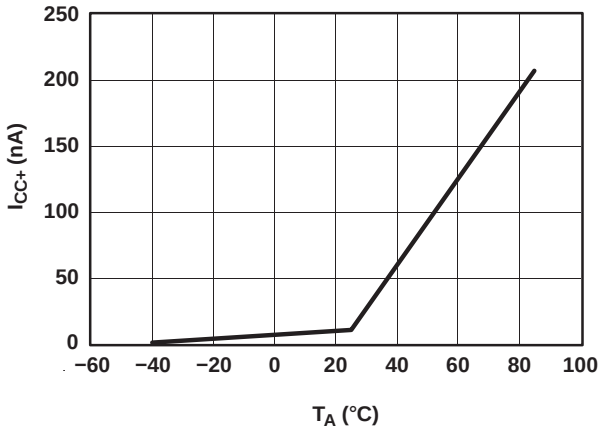


Figure 13. Current vs Temperature (V_+ = 5 V)

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	IN	Digital control to connect COM to NO
2	V_+	Power supply
3	GND	Digital ground
4	NC	Normally closed
5	COM	Common
6	NO	Normally open

PARAMETER DESCRIPTION

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
V_{COM}	Voltage at COM
V_{NC}	Voltage at NC
V_{NO}	Voltage at NO
r_{on}	Resistance between COM and NC or COM and NO ports when the channel is ON
r_{peak}	Peak ON-state resistance over a specified voltage range
Δr_{on}	Difference of r_{on} between channels
$r_{on(flat)}$	Difference between the maximum and minimum value of r_{on} in a channel over the specified range of conditions
$I_{NC(OFF)}$	Leakage current measured at the NC port, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM) in the OFF state under worst-case input and output conditions
$I_{NC(PWROFF)}$	Leakage current measured at the NC port during the power-down condition, $V_+ = 0$
$I_{NO(OFF)}$	Leakage current measured at the NO port, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the OFF state under worst-case input and output conditions
$I_{NO(PWROFF)}$	Leakage current measured at the NO port during the power-down condition, $V_+ = 0$
$I_{NC(ON)}$	Leakage current measured at the NC port, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM) in the ON state and the output (COM) being open
$I_{NO(ON)}$	Leakage current measured at the NO port, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the ON state and the output (COM) being open
$I_{COM(ON)}$	Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NO or COM to NC) in the ON state and the output (NC or NO) being open
$I_{COM(PWROFF)}$	Leakage current measured at the COM port during the power-down condition, $V_+ = 0$
V_{IH}	Minimum input voltage for logic high for the control input (IN)
V_{IL}	Maximum input voltage for logic low for the control input (IN)
V_I	Voltage at IN
I_{IH}, I_{IL}	Leakage current measured at IN
t_{ON}	Turn-on time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog outputs (COM, NC, or NO) signal when the switch is turning ON.
t_{OFF}	Turn-off time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog outputs (COM, NC, or NO) signal when the switch is turning OFF.
t_{BBM}	Break-before-make time. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the output of two adjacent analog channels (NC and NO) when the control signal changes state.
Q_C	Charge injection is a measurement of unwanted signal coupling from the control (IN) input to the analog (NC, NO, or COM) output. This is measured in coulomb (C) and measured by the total charge induced due to switching of the control input. Charge injection, $Q_C = C_L \times \Delta V_O$, C_L is the load capacitance and ΔVO is the change in analog output voltage.
$C_{NC(OFF)}$	Capacitance at the NC port when the corresponding channel (NC to COM) is OFF
$C_{NO(OFF)}$	Capacitance at the NO port when the corresponding channel (NO to COM) is OFF
$C_{NC(ON)}$	Capacitance at the NC port when the corresponding channel (NC to COM) is ON
$C_{NO(ON)}$	Capacitance at the NO port when the corresponding channel (NO to COM) is ON
$C_{COM(ON)}$	Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NC or COM to NO) is ON
C_{IN}	Capacitance of IN
OISO	OFF isolation of the switch is a measurement OFF-state switch impedance. This is measured in dB in a specific frequency, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM or NO to COM) in the OFF state.
X_{TALK}	Crosstalk is a measurement of unwanted signal coupling from an ON channel to an OFF channel (NC to NO or NO to NC). This is measured in a specific frequency and in dB.
BW	Bandwidth of the switch. This is the frequency in which the gain of an ON channel is –3 dB below the DC gain.
THD	Total harmonic distortion describes the signal distortion caused by the analog switch. This is defined as the ratio or root mean square (RMS) value of the second, third, and higher harmonic to the absolute magnitude of the fundamental harmonic.
I_+	Static power-supply current with the control (IN) pin at V_+ or GND

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

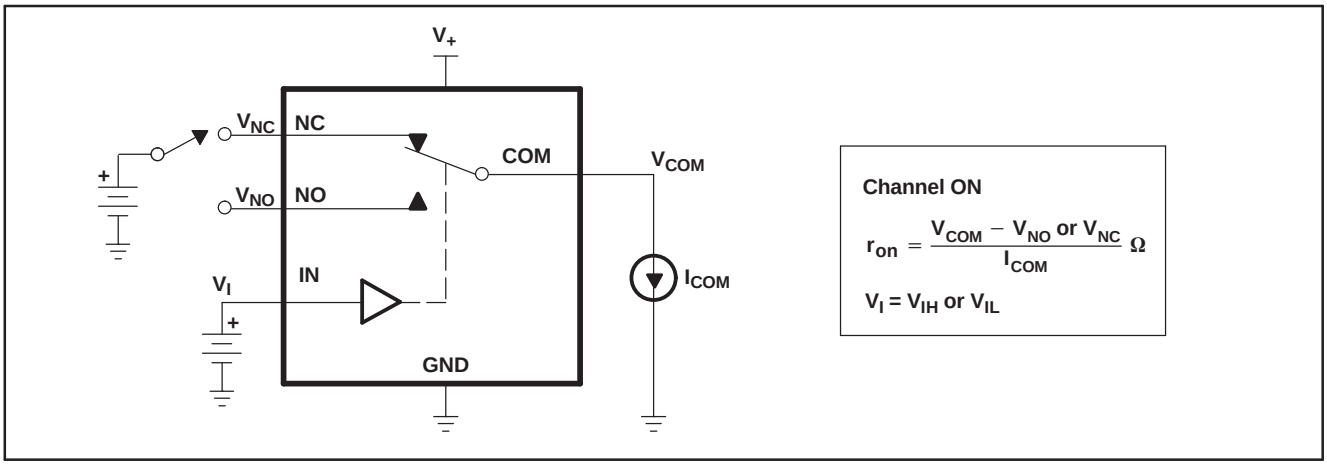


Figure 14. ON-State Resistance (r_{on})

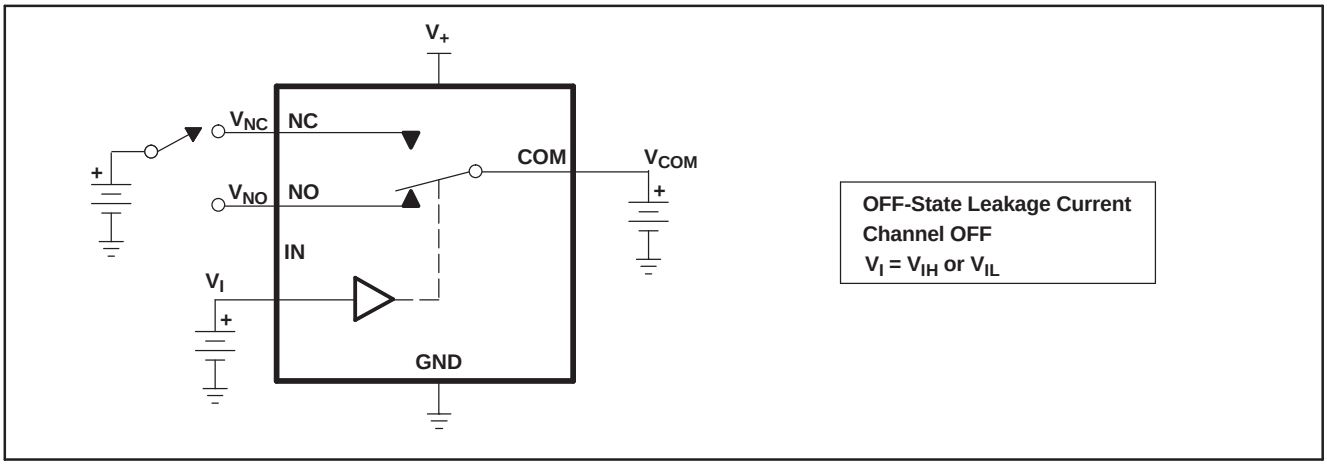


Figure 15. OFF-State Leakage Current ($I_{NC(OFF)}$, $I_{NC(PWROFF)}$, $I_{NO(OFF)}$, $I_{NO(PWROFF)}$, $I_{COM(OFF)}$, $I_{COM(PWROFF)}$)

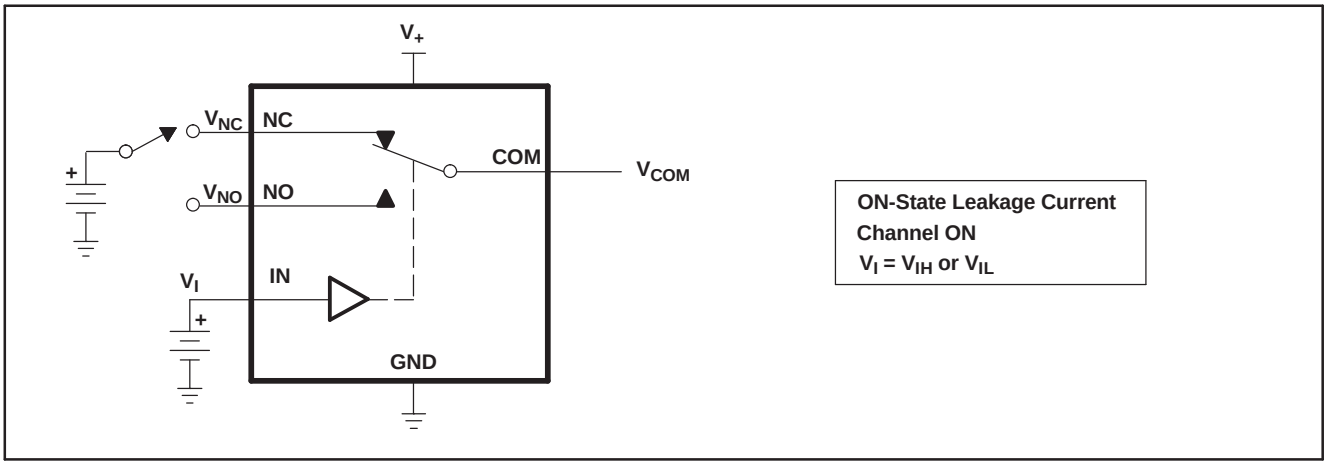


Figure 16. ON-State Leakage Current ($I_{COM(ON)}$, $I_{NC(ON)}$, $I_{NO(ON)}$)

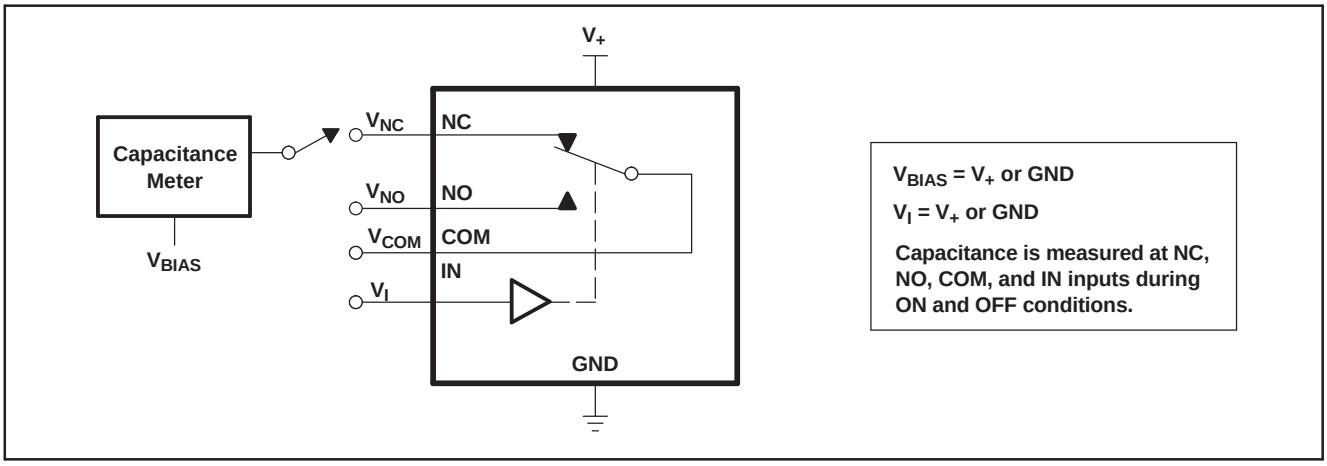
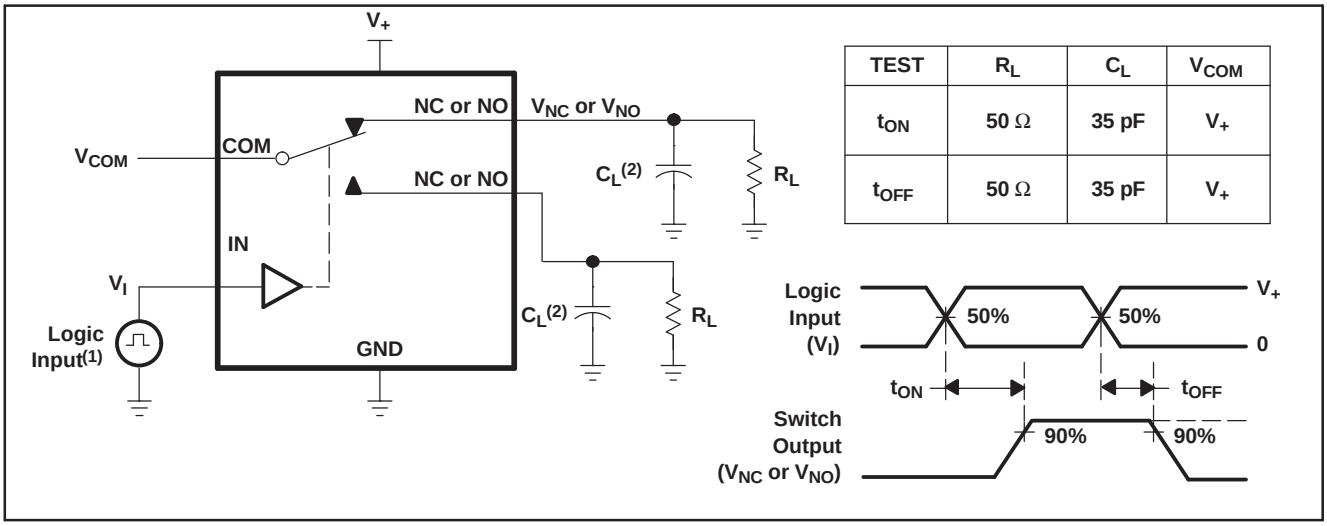


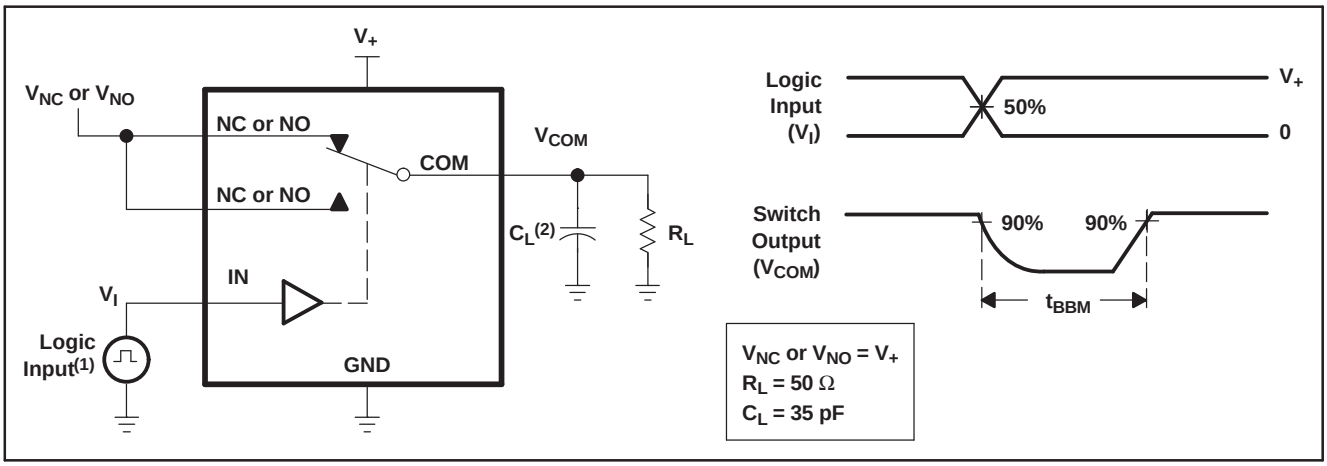
Figure 17. Capacitance (C_I, $C_{COM(ON)}$, $C_{NC(OFF)}$, $C_{NO(OFF)}$, $C_{NC(ON)}$, $C_{NO(ON)}$)



(1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω, t_r < 5 ns, t_f < 5 ns.

(2) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 18. Turn-On (t_{ON}) and Turn-Off Time (t_{OFF})



(1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω, t_r < 5 ns, t_f < 5 ns.

(2) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 19. Break-Before-Make Time (t_{BBM})

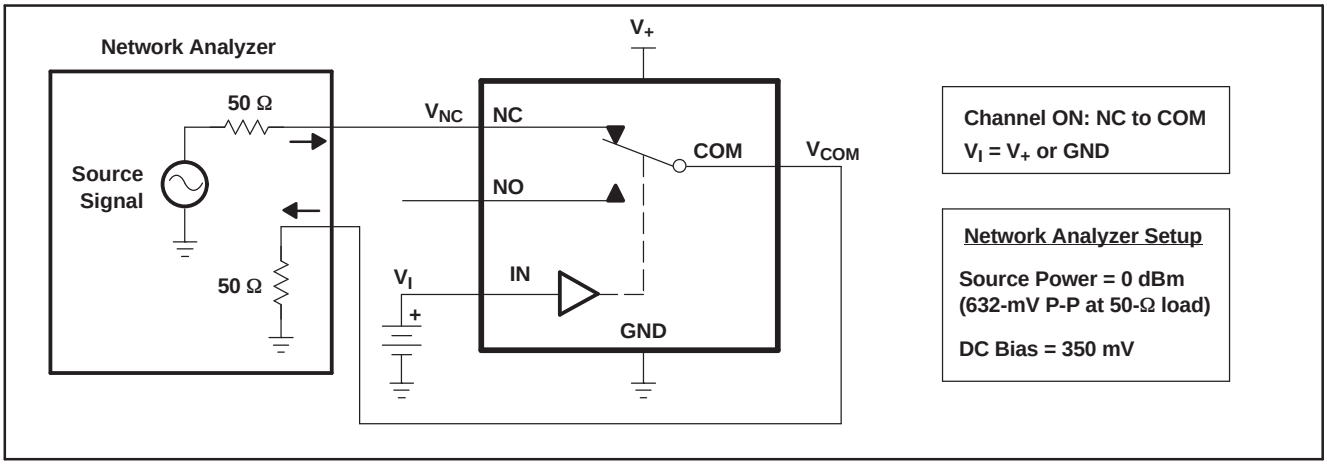


Figure 20. Bandwidth (BW)

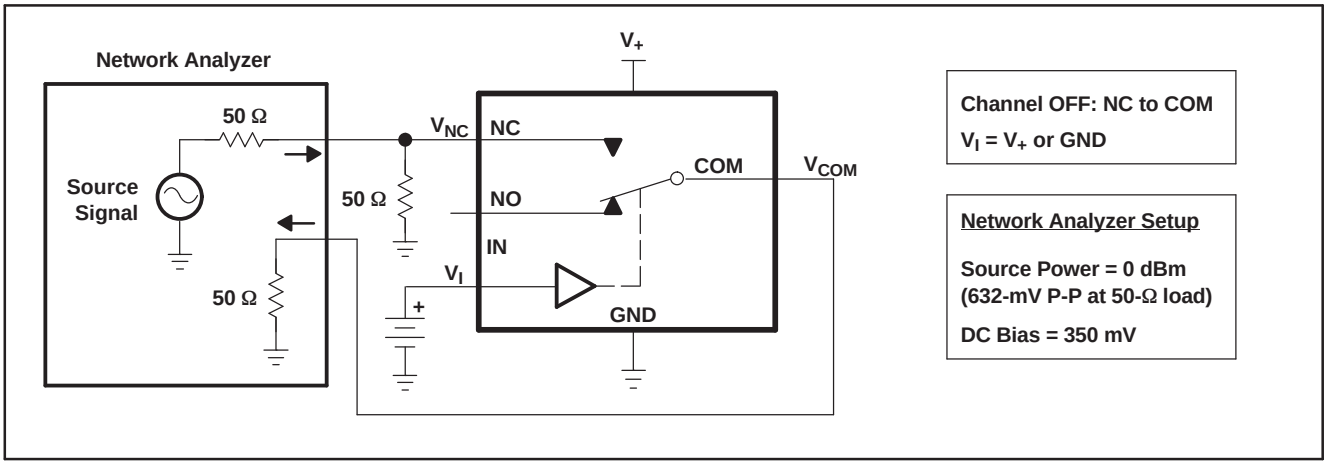


Figure 21. OFF Isolation (OISO)

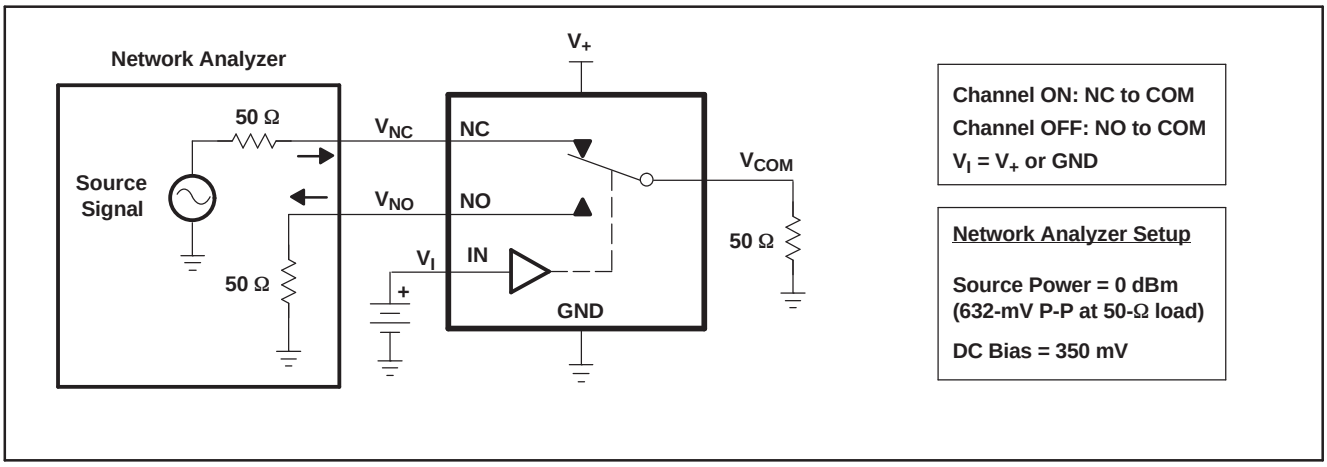
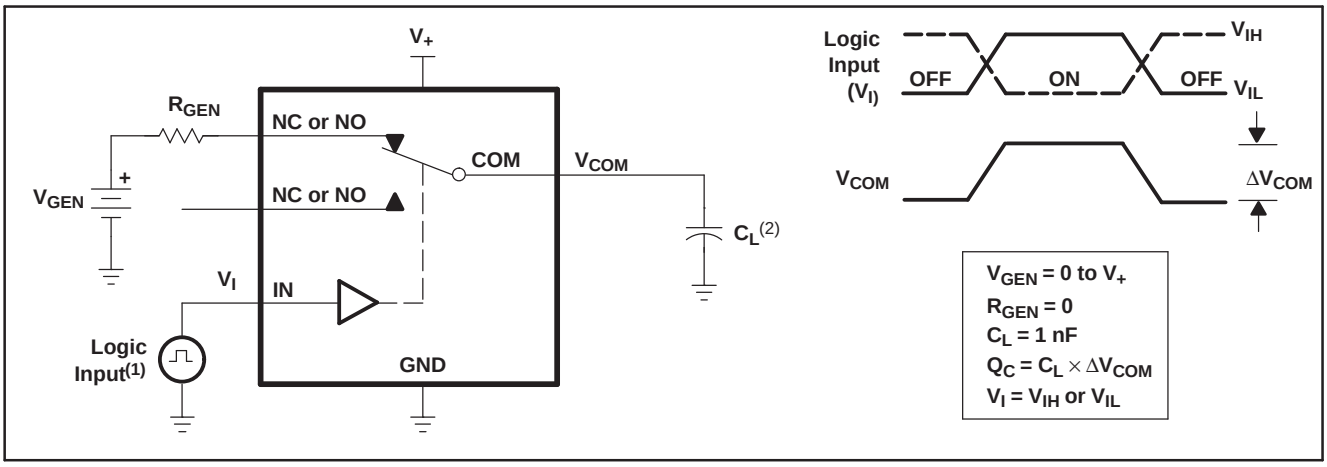


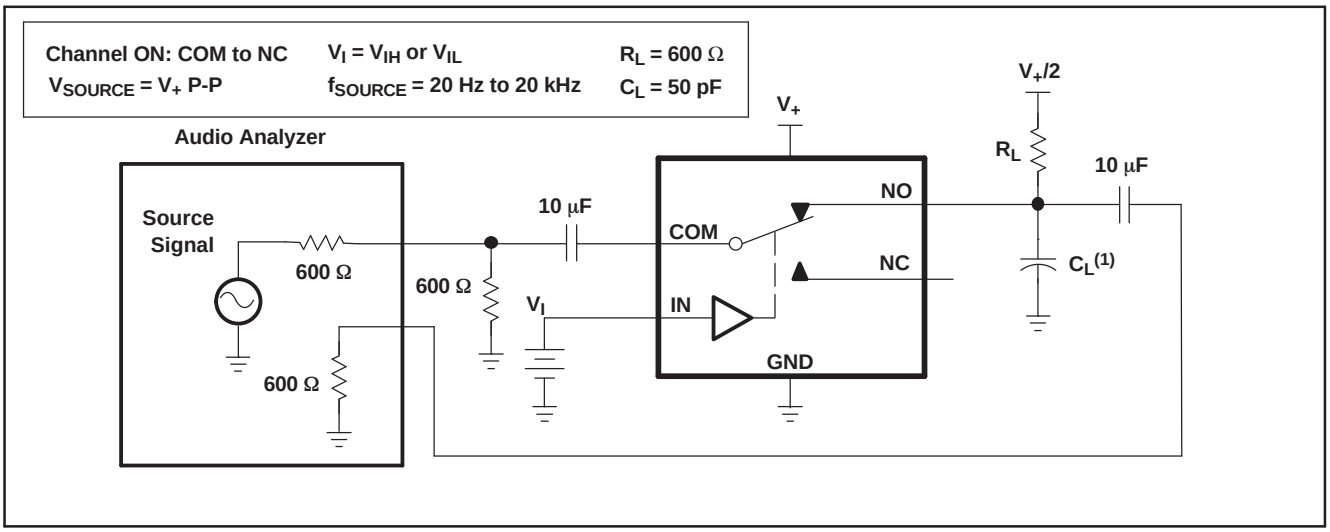
Figure 22. Crosstalk (X_{TALK})



(1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω, t_r < 5 ns, t_f < 5 ns.

(2) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 23. Charge Injection (Q_C)



(1) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 24. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package | Pins	Package qty | Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TS5A4624DCKR	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) | 6	3000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU | NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(JWF, JWR)
TS5A4624DCKR.Z	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) | 6	3000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(JWF, JWR)
TS5A4624DCKRG4.Z	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) | 6	3000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	JWF
TS5A4624DCKT	Obsolete	Production	SC70 (DCK) | 6	-	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	JWR

(1) **Status:** For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

(2) **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

(3) **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

(4) **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

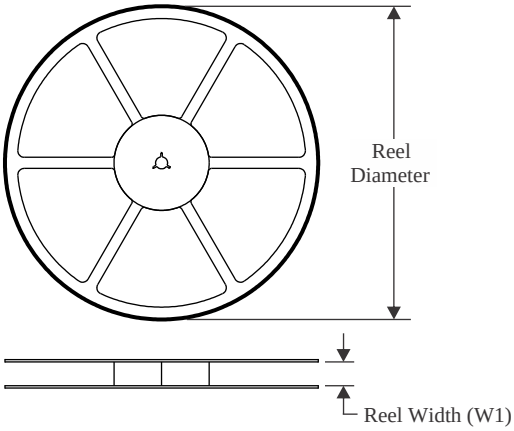
(5) **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

(6) **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

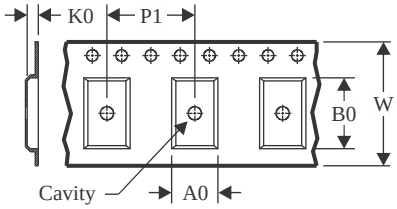
Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

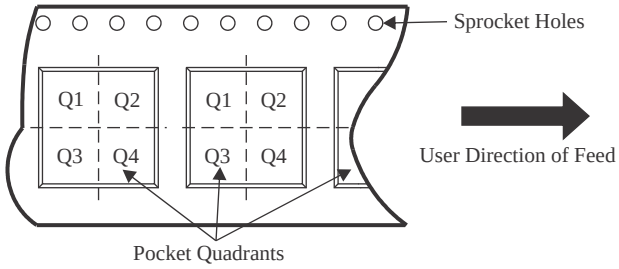


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

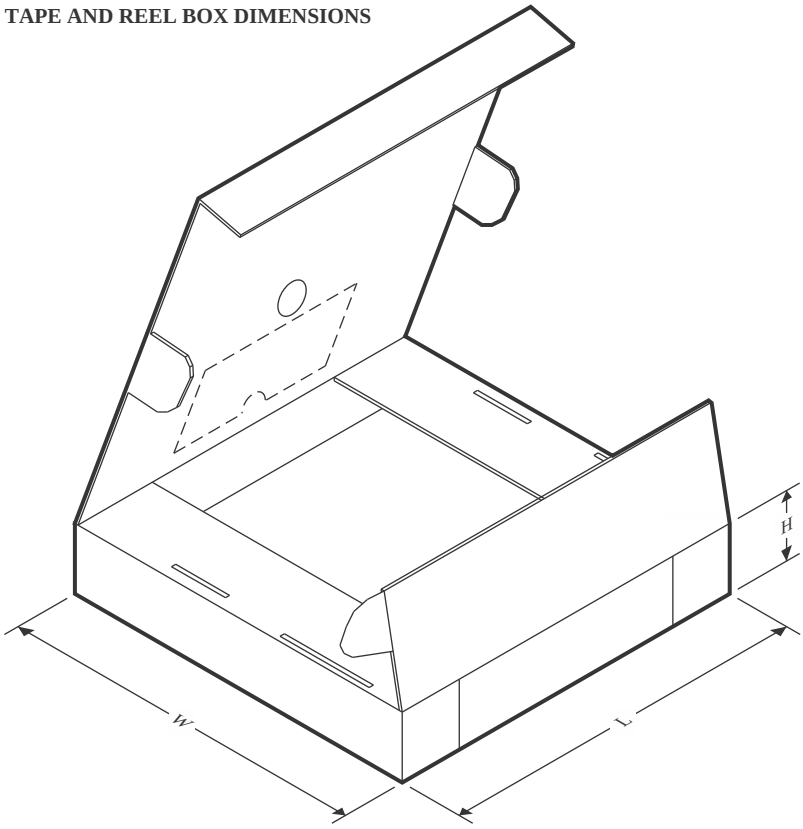
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TS5A4624DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

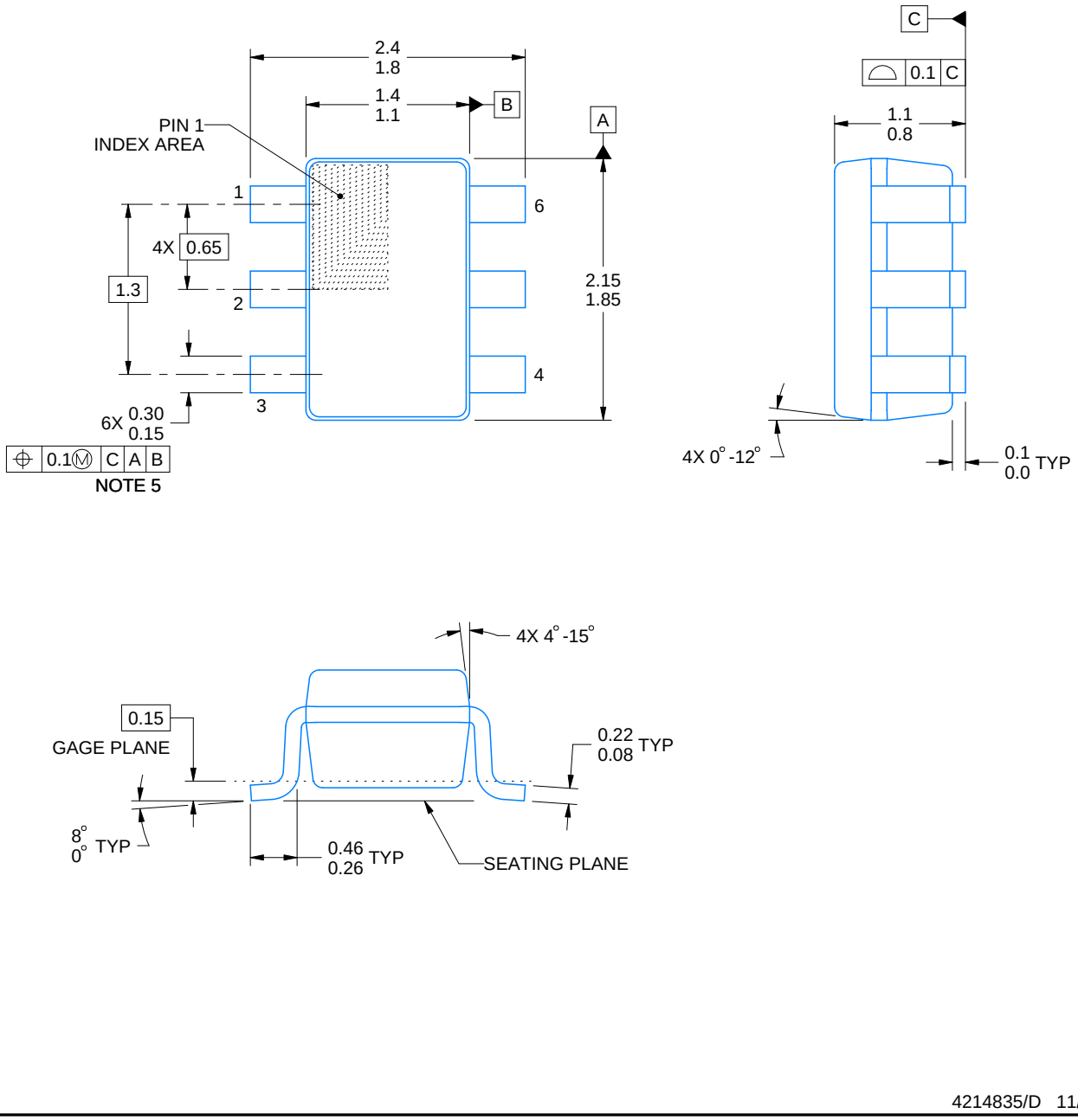
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TS5A4624DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0

PACKAGE OUTLINE

DCK0006A

SOT - 1.1 max height

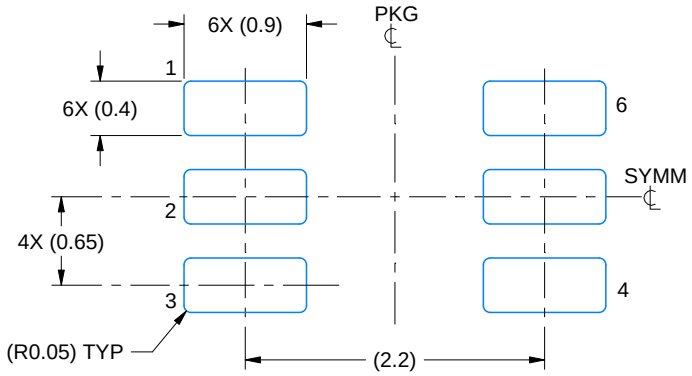
SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



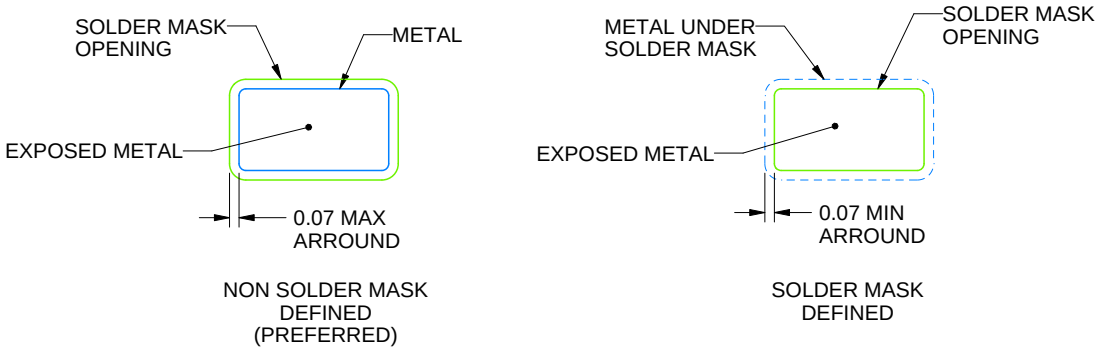
4214835/D 11/2024

NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
4. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AB.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:18X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

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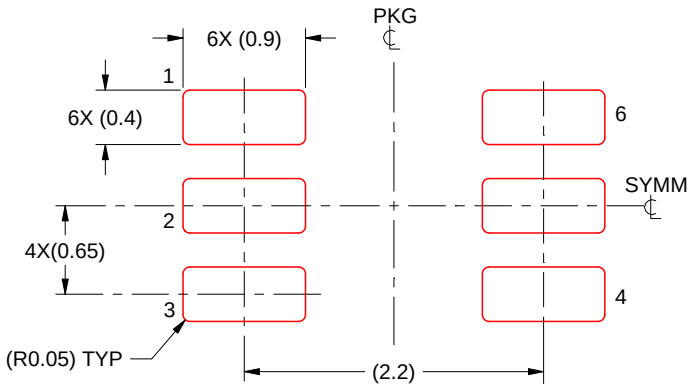
NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 THICK STENCIL
SCALE:18X

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NOTES: (continued)

7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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